JALALUDDIN HAIDER RESEARCH SERIES

The Jalaluddin Haider Genealogical Atlas

Ancestors, Five Sons, Aal-e-Ameer and Aal-e-Nafees

VOLUME 2 • CRITICAL RESEARCH EDITION • 2026

A person-by-person register of the published ancestral chain and the named descendant network.

Prepared from the uploaded family publications, attached book scans and a controlled set of digital and academic references

Editorial and Evidence Notice

This is a research edition—not a declaration that every transmitted genealogical or hagiographic claim has been independently proven.

The edition preserves the names, lineages and narratives appearing in the supplied family publications while distinguishing four evidentiary levels: independently contextualized material, convergent attributed tradition, family-published genealogy and unresolved claim. This protects the record from both erasure and overstatement.

The project's entity anchor is Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Suhrawardi Lahori, presented as a son of Syed Safiuddin Shah Bukhari and a full brother of Miran Muhammad Shah, known as Moj Darya. These relationships are cited as convergent attributed tradition and family-published genealogy, not as a substitute for an independently authenticated contemporary sanad.

The central subject, Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Suhrawardi Lahori, is kept distinct from the earlier ancestor Syed Jalaluddin Haider Surkh-Posh Bukhari. The repeated name is a major risk for search engines, catalogues and family trees; every volume therefore uses generation placement and authority-control aliases.

The death year 1016 AH is reported in a secondary digital biography. That year corresponds approximately to 1607–1608 CE. The same page prints 1907 CE, which is internally inconsistent with both 1016 AH and the reign of Jahangir; this edition records the discrepancy rather than reproducing it as fact.

Later-generation names may belong to living people. They are included only because they already appear in the supplied published register. No address, telephone number, private identifier or sensitive personal record is added. Future public editions should obtain consent where appropriate.

Citation keys

Key	Source
FSN	Family of Saadat Naqvi (2026)
AZ	Aal-e-Zahra (S.A.) (2026)
GJ	Gulzar-e-Jalaliya scan (2026)
ZIA-JH	Zia-e-Taiba scholar profile: Jalaluddin Haider
ZIA-MD	Zia-e-Taiba biography: Moj Darya
PAK-H	Pak Heritage: Tomb of Moj Darya
UCH	Zafar Mohyuddin, Sufis of Uch dissertation
WP	Urdu Wikipedia article (discovery lead only)

Volume Map and Reading Method

A person-by-person register of the published ancestral chain and the named descendant network.

This volume contains 128 numbered research folios. Each folio starts on a new page and records a defined person, question, source, comparison or workflow. The arrangement is deliberately modular so that individual pages can be cited, revised and replaced without silently changing the rest of the volume.

How to read claim labels

Label	Meaning
Contextual support	A reliable academic or heritage source supports the setting, not necessarily the family-tree edge.
Attributed tradition	A biography or tazkira reports the statement; wording should retain attribution.
Family-published genealogy	The supplied publications explicitly record the relation; independent corroboration is still desirable.
Unresolved	The present evidence is contradictory, silent or too weak for a settled conclusion.

Section guide

Range	Coverage
Folios 1–21	Imam Ali al-Naqi al-Hadi … Syed Ilmuddin
Folios 22–42	Syed Shuja … Syed Sardar Ali
Folios 43–63	Syed Shakir Ali Shah … Syed Mubashir Ali
Folios 64–84	Syed Ahmed Ali … Syed Qadeer Ali
Folios 85–105	Syed Ameer Ali Naqvi … Syed Mustafa Ali (Majid branch)
Folios 106–126	Syed Hamza Ali (Majid branch) … Children of Niaz
Folios 127–128	Children of Ejaz … Children of Javed

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 001

Imam Ali al-Naqi al-Hadi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Imam Ali al-Naqi al-Hadi is recorded as ancestral imam. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Imam Ali al-Naqi al-Hadi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Imam Ali al-Naqi al-Hadi
Recorded relation	ancestral imam
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 002

Syed Jafar Sani

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Jafar Sani is recorded as son in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Jafar Sani. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Jafar Sani
Recorded relation	son in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 003

Syed Ali Asghar / Ashqar

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ali Asghar / Ashqar is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ali Asghar / Ashqar. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ali Asghar / Ashqar
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 004

Syed Abdullah Idrees Baghdadi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Abdullah Idrees Baghdadi is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Abdullah Idrees Baghdadi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Abdullah Idrees Baghdadi
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 005

Syed Abu Yusuf Ahmad Baghdadi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Abu Yusuf Ahmad Baghdadi is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Abu Yusuf Ahmad Baghdadi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Abu Yusuf Ahmad Baghdadi
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 006

Syed Mahmood Asghar Bukhari

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Mahmood Asghar Bukhari is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Mahmood Asghar Bukhari. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Mahmood Asghar Bukhari
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 007

Syed Muhammad Abul Fatah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Muhammad Abul Fatah is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Muhammad Abul Fatah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Muhammad Abul Fatah
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 008

Syed Jafar Abu Turab

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Jafar Abu Turab is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Jafar Abu Turab. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Jafar Abu Turab
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 009

Syed Ali al-Muayyad

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ali al-Muayyad is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ali al-Muayyad. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ali al-Muayyad
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 010

Syed Jalaluddin Haider Surkh-Posh Bukhari

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Jalaluddin Haider Surkh-Posh Bukhari is recorded as earlier ancestor; not the Lahori subject. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22; GJ scan. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Jalaluddin Haider Surkh-Posh Bukhari. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Jalaluddin Haider Surkh-Posh Bukhari
Recorded relation	earlier ancestor; not the Lahori subject
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22; GJ scan
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 011

Syed Sultan Ahmad Kabir

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Sultan Ahmad Kabir is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Sultan Ahmad Kabir. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Sultan Ahmad Kabir
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN p.98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 012

Makhdoom Jahaniyan Jahangasht

Record status: Family genealogy with additional biographical or academic context

Genealogical placement

Makhdoom Jahaniyan Jahangasht is recorded as descendant in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22; UCH. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Makhdoom Jahaniyan Jahangasht. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Makhdoom Jahaniyan Jahangasht
Recorded relation	descendant in the published chain
Citation	FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22; UCH
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 013

Syed Nasiruddin Mahmood / Mahmood Nar

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Nasiruddin Mahmood / Mahmood Nar is recorded as variantly rendered ancestor. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Nasiruddin Mahmood / Mahmood Nar. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Nasiruddin Mahmood / Mahmood Nar
Recorded relation	variantly rendered ancestor
Citation	FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 014

Syed Ilmuddin Bukhari

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ilmuddin Bukhari is recorded as ancestor in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ilmuddin Bukhari. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ilmuddin Bukhari
Recorded relation	ancestor in the published chain
Citation	FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 015

Syed Jalaluddin Bukhari

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Jalaluddin Bukhari is recorded as ancestor in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Jalaluddin Bukhari. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Jalaluddin Bukhari
Recorded relation	ancestor in the published chain
Citation	FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 016

Syed Ilmuddin / Aleemuddin

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ilmuddin / Aleemuddin is recorded as variantly rendered ancestor. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ilmuddin / Aleemuddin. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ilmuddin / Aleemuddin
Recorded relation	variantly rendered ancestor
Citation	FSN pp.95, 98; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 017

Syed Nizamuddin

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Nizamuddin is recorded as grandfather of the subject in the published chain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.98, 110; AZ p.22. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Nizamuddin. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Nizamuddin
Recorded relation	grandfather of the subject in the published chain
Citation	FSN pp.98, 110; AZ p.22
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 018

Syed Safiuddin Shah Bukhari

Record status: Family genealogy with additional biographical or academic context

Genealogical placement

Syed Safiuddin Shah Bukhari is recorded as father of the subject. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: ZIA-JH; FSN pp.98, 110–111; AZ pp.22, 32. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Safiuddin Shah Bukhari. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Safiuddin Shah Bukhari
Recorded relation	father of the subject
Citation	ZIA-JH; FSN pp.98, 110–111; AZ pp.22, 32
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 019

Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Suhrawardi Lahori

Record status: Principal subject; identity converges across family and secondary biographical sources

Genealogical placement

Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Suhrawardi Lahori is recorded as principal subject. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: ZIA-JH; FSN p.111; AZ p.32. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Suhrawardi Lahori. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Suhrawardi Lahori
Recorded relation	principal subject
Citation	ZIA-JH; FSN p.111; AZ p.32
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 020

Syed Shahabuddin

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shahabuddin is recorded as son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shahabuddin. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shahabuddin
Recorded relation	son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 021

Syed Ilmuddin

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ilmuddin is recorded as son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori; Aal-e-Ameer route. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: ZIA-JH; FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ilmuddin. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ilmuddin
Recorded relation	son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori; Aal-e-Ameer route
Citation	ZIA-JH; FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 022

Syed Shuja

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shuja is recorded as son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shuja. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shuja
Recorded relation	son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 023

Syed Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ali is recorded as son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ali
Recorded relation	son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 024

Syed Jafar

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Jafar is recorded as son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Jafar. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Jafar
Recorded relation	son of Jalaluddin Haider Lahori
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 025

Syed Zain-ul-Abideen

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Zain-ul-Abideen is recorded as son of Ilmuddin. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: ZIA-JH; FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Zain-ul-Abideen. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Zain-ul-Abideen
Recorded relation	son of Ilmuddin
Citation	ZIA-JH; FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 026

Syed Shah Nizam

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shah Nizam is recorded as son of Zain-ul-Abideen. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shah Nizam. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shah Nizam
Recorded relation	son of Zain-ul-Abideen
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 027

Syed Yar Shah Haider

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Yar Shah Haider is recorded as son of Shah Nizam. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Yar Shah Haider. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Yar Shah Haider
Recorded relation	son of Shah Nizam
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 028

Syed Nabi Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Nabi Shah is recorded as son of Yar Shah Haider; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Nabi Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Nabi Shah
Recorded relation	son of Yar Shah Haider; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 029

Syed Kabeer Shah (collateral)

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Kabeer Shah (collateral) is recorded as son of Yar Shah Haider; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Kabeer Shah (collateral). Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Kabeer Shah (collateral)
Recorded relation	son of Yar Shah Haider; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 030

Syed Jahangir Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Jahangir Shah is recorded as son of Yar Shah Haider; Aal-e-Ameer route. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Jahangir Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Jahangir Shah
Recorded relation	son of Yar Shah Haider; Aal-e-Ameer route
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 031

Syed Shamsuddin Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shamsuddin Shah is recorded as son of Jahangir Shah. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shamsuddin Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shamsuddin Shah
Recorded relation	son of Jahangir Shah
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 032

Syed Mali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Mali is recorded as son of Jahangir Shah; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Mali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Mali
Recorded relation	son of Jahangir Shah; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 033

Syed Sadruddin

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Sadruddin is recorded as son of Shamsuddin; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Sadruddin. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Sadruddin
Recorded relation	son of Shamsuddin; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 034

Syed Sharafuddin Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Sharafuddin Shah is recorded as son of Shamsuddin; Aal-e-Ameer route. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.111–112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Sharafuddin Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Sharafuddin Shah
Recorded relation	son of Shamsuddin; Aal-e-Ameer route
Citation	FSN pp.111–112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 035

Syed Qutbuddin

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Qutbuddin is recorded as son of Shamsuddin; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.111. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Qutbuddin. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Qutbuddin
Recorded relation	son of Shamsuddin; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.111
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 036

Syed Kabeer Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Kabeer Shah is recorded as son of Sharafuddin; Aal-e-Ameer route. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Kabeer Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Kabeer Shah
Recorded relation	son of Sharafuddin; Aal-e-Ameer route
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 037

Syed Qutb Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Qutb Shah is recorded as son of Kabeer Shah. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Qutb Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Qutb Shah
Recorded relation	son of Kabeer Shah
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 038

Syed Haider Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Haider Shah is recorded as son of Qutb Shah. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Haider Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Haider Shah
Recorded relation	son of Qutb Shah
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 039

Syed Zamin Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Zamin Ali is recorded as son of Haider Shah; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Zamin Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Zamin Ali
Recorded relation	son of Haider Shah; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 040

Syed Ameer Ali Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ameer Ali Shah is recorded as son of Haider Shah; Aal-e-Ameer namesake. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ameer Ali Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ameer Ali Shah
Recorded relation	son of Haider Shah; Aal-e-Ameer namesake
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 041

Syed Wazeer Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Wazeer Ali is recorded as son of Haider Shah; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Wazeer Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Wazeer Ali
Recorded relation	son of Haider Shah; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 042

Syed Sardar Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Sardar Ali is recorded as son of Haider Shah; collateral branch. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Sardar Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Sardar Ali
Recorded relation	son of Haider Shah; collateral branch
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 043

Syed Shakir Ali Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shakir Ali Shah is recorded as son of Ameer Ali; documented descendant route. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shakir Ali Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shakir Ali Shah
Recorded relation	son of Ameer Ali; documented descendant route
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 044

Syed Zakir Ali Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Zakir Ali Shah is recorded as son of Ameer Ali; branch not continuously documented in current register. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Zakir Ali Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Zakir Ali Shah
Recorded relation	son of Ameer Ali; branch not continuously documented in current register
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 045

Syed Ashiq Ali Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ashiq Ali Shah is recorded as son of Shakir Ali. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN p.112. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ashiq Ali Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ashiq Ali Shah
Recorded relation	son of Shakir Ali
Citation	FSN p.112
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 046

Phuphi Amman

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Phuphi Amman is recorded as daughter of Ashiq; rescue figure; personal name not preserved. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN family narrative. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Phuphi Amman. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Phuphi Amman
Recorded relation	daughter of Ashiq; rescue figure; personal name not preserved
Citation	FSN family narrative
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 047

Syed Nafees Ali Shah

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Nafees Ali Shah is recorded as son of Ashiq Ali. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.112–113. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Nafees Ali Shah. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Nafees Ali Shah
Recorded relation	son of Ashiq Ali
Citation	FSN pp.112–113
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 048

Syed Amjad Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Amjad Ali is recorded as son of Nafees Ali. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.112–113. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Amjad Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Amjad Ali
Recorded relation	son of Nafees Ali
Citation	FSN pp.112–113
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 049

Syed Hafeez Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Hafeez Ali is recorded as son of Nafees Ali. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.112–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Hafeez Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Hafeez Ali
Recorded relation	son of Nafees Ali
Citation	FSN pp.112–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 050

Syed Muhabbat Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Muhabbat Ali is recorded as son of Nafees Ali. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.112–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Muhabbat Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Muhabbat Ali
Recorded relation	son of Nafees Ali
Citation	FSN pp.112–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 051

Syeda Qadri Khatoon

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Qadri Khatoon is recorded as wife of Hafeez; mother of Qamar and four unnamed daughters. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Qadri Khatoon. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Qadri Khatoon
Recorded relation	wife of Hafeez; mother of Qamar and four unnamed daughters
Citation	FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 052

Syeda Khurshid Khatoon

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Khurshid Khatoon is recorded as wife of Hafeez; mother of Saeeda. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Khurshid Khatoon. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Khurshid Khatoon
Recorded relation	wife of Hafeez; mother of Saeeda
Citation	FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 053

Syed Qamar Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Qamar Ali is recorded as son of Hafeez. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Qamar Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Qamar Ali
Recorded relation	son of Hafeez
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 054

Four unnamed daughters of Hafeez

Record status: Count or grouped record preserved because personal names are unavailable

Genealogical placement

Four unnamed daughters of Hafeez is recorded as daughters through Qadri Khatoon. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Four unnamed daughters of Hafeez. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Four unnamed daughters of Hafeez
Recorded relation	daughters through Qadri Khatoon
Citation	FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 055

Syeda Saeeda

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Saeeda is recorded as daughter of Hafeez through Khurshid Khatoon. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Saeeda. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Saeeda
Recorded relation	daughter of Hafeez through Khurshid Khatoon
Citation	FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 056

Syed Qaiser Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Qaiser Ali is recorded as son of Qamar. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Qaiser Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Qaiser Ali
Recorded relation	son of Qamar
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 057

Syed Mohsin Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Mohsin Ali is recorded as son of Qamar. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Mohsin Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Mohsin Ali
Recorded relation	son of Qamar
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 058

Syed Asim Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Asim Ali is recorded as son of Qamar. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Asim Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Asim Ali
Recorded relation	son of Qamar
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 059

Syed Faisal Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Faisal Ali is recorded as son of Qamar. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Faisal Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Faisal Ali
Recorded relation	son of Qamar
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 060

Six unnamed daughters of Qamar

Record status: Count or grouped record preserved because personal names are unavailable

Genealogical placement

Six unnamed daughters of Qamar is recorded as daughters of Qamar; names not supplied. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Six unnamed daughters of Qamar. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Six unnamed daughters of Qamar
Recorded relation	daughters of Qamar; names not supplied
Citation	FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 061

Syed Hamza Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Hamza Ali is recorded as son of Qaiser. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Hamza Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Hamza Ali
Recorded relation	son of Qaiser
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 062

Syed Shayan Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shayan Ali is recorded as son of Qaiser. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shayan Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shayan Ali
Recorded relation	son of Qaiser
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 063

Syed Mubashir Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Mubashir Ali is recorded as son of Mohsin. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Mubashir Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Mubashir Ali
Recorded relation	son of Mohsin
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 064

Syed Ahmed Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ahmed Ali is recorded as son of Asim. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ahmed Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ahmed Ali
Recorded relation	son of Asim
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 065

Syed Umair Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Umair Ali is recorded as son of Asim. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Umair Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Umair Ali
Recorded relation	son of Asim
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 066

Syed Mahab Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Mahab Ali is recorded as son of Faisal. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Mahab Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Mahab Ali
Recorded relation	son of Faisal
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 067

Syed Sabir Rizvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Sabir Rizvi is recorded as husband of Saeeda. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Sabir Rizvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Sabir Rizvi
Recorded relation	husband of Saeeda
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 068

Syed Asghar Rizvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Asghar Rizvi is recorded as son of Saeeda and Sabir. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Asghar Rizvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Asghar Rizvi
Recorded relation	son of Saeeda and Sabir
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 069

Syed Akbar Rizvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Akbar Rizvi is recorded as son of Saeeda and Sabir. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Akbar Rizvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Akbar Rizvi
Recorded relation	son of Saeeda and Sabir
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 070

Syed Haider Rizvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Haider Rizvi is recorded as son of Saeeda and Sabir. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Haider Rizvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Haider Rizvi
Recorded relation	son of Saeeda and Sabir
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 071

Syeda Naderi Khatoon

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Naderi Khatoon is recorded as wife of Muhabbat; mother of Umeed, Naseer, Afsari, Feroza and Bilqees. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Naderi Khatoon. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Naderi Khatoon
Recorded relation	wife of Muhabbat; mother of Umeed, Naseer, Afsari, Feroza and Bilqees
Citation	FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 072

Syeda Munni Khatoon

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Munni Khatoon is recorded as wife of Muhabbat; mother of Amina, Shabab, Niaz, Ejaz, Rubina and Javed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Munni Khatoon. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Munni Khatoon
Recorded relation	wife of Muhabbat; mother of Amina, Shabab, Niaz, Ejaz, Rubina and Javed
Citation	FSN pp.41–50; compiled dossier
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 073

Syed Umeed Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Umeed Ali is recorded as son of Muhabbat and Naderi. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Umeed Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Umeed Ali
Recorded relation	son of Muhabbat and Naderi
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 074

Syed Naseer Ali (Kallu Chacha)

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Naseer Ali (Kallu Chacha) is recorded as son of Muhabbat and Naderi. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Naseer Ali (Kallu Chacha). Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Naseer Ali (Kallu Chacha)
Recorded relation	son of Muhabbat and Naderi
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 075

Syeda Afsari

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Afsari is recorded as daughter of Muhabbat and Naderi. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Afsari. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Afsari
Recorded relation	daughter of Muhabbat and Naderi
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 076

Syeda Feroza

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Feroza is recorded as daughter of Muhabbat and Naderi. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Feroza. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Feroza
Recorded relation	daughter of Muhabbat and Naderi
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 077

Syeda Bilqees

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Bilqees is recorded as daughter of Muhabbat and Naderi. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Bilqees. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Bilqees
Recorded relation	daughter of Muhabbat and Naderi
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 078

Syeda Amina

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Amina is recorded as daughter of Muhabbat and Munni. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Amina. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Amina
Recorded relation	daughter of Muhabbat and Munni
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 079

Syed Shabab Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shabab Ali is recorded as son of Muhabbat and Munni. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shabab Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shabab Ali
Recorded relation	son of Muhabbat and Munni
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 080

Syed Niaz Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Niaz Ali is recorded as son of Muhabbat and Munni. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Niaz Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Niaz Ali
Recorded relation	son of Muhabbat and Munni
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 081

Syed Ejaz Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ejaz Ali is recorded as son of Muhabbat and Munni. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ejaz Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ejaz Ali
Recorded relation	son of Muhabbat and Munni
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 082

Syeda Rubina

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Rubina is recorded as daughter of Muhabbat and Munni. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Rubina. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Rubina
Recorded relation	daughter of Muhabbat and Munni
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 083

Syed Javed Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Javed Ali is recorded as son of Muhabbat and Munni. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Javed Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Javed Ali
Recorded relation	son of Muhabbat and Munni
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 084

Syed Qadeer Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Qadeer Ali is recorded as son of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Qadeer Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Qadeer Ali
Recorded relation	son of Umeed
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 085

Syed Ameer Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Ameer Ali Naqvi is recorded as son of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Ameer Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Ameer Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	son of Umeed
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 086

Syed Majid Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Majid Ali is recorded as son of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Majid Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Majid Ali
Recorded relation	son of Umeed
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 087

Syed Sajid Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Sajid Ali is recorded as son of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Sajid Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Sajid Ali
Recorded relation	son of Umeed
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 088

Syed Zohaib Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Zohaib Ali is recorded as son of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Zohaib Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Zohaib Ali
Recorded relation	son of Umeed
Citation	FSN pp.113–114
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 089

Syeda Fareeda

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Fareeda is recorded as daughter of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Fareeda. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Fareeda
Recorded relation	daughter of Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 090

Syeda Farhat

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Farhat is recorded as daughter of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Farhat. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Farhat
Recorded relation	daughter of Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 091

Syeda Shabnam

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Shabnam is recorded as daughter of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Shabnam. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Shabnam
Recorded relation	daughter of Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 092

Syeda Kausar

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Kausar is recorded as daughter of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Kausar. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Kausar
Recorded relation	daughter of Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 093

Syeda Nida

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Nida is recorded as daughter of Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Nida. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Nida
Recorded relation	daughter of Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 094

Syed Shahzaib Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shahzaib Ali Naqvi is recorded as son of Qadeer. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN pp.113–114; AZ title/credits. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shahzaib Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shahzaib Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	son of Qadeer
Citation	FSN pp.113–114; AZ title/credits
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 095

Hafiz Syed Shahzain Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Hafiz Syed Shahzain Ali Naqvi is recorded as son of Qadeer; also rendered Shah Zain. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Hafiz Syed Shahzain Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Hafiz Syed Shahzain Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	son of Qadeer; also rendered Shah Zain
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 096

Syed Shariq Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shariq Ali Naqvi is recorded as son of Qadeer. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shariq Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shariq Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	son of Qadeer
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 097

Syed Yusha Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Yusha Ali Naqvi is recorded as son of Qadeer; recorded as dying at birth. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Yusha Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Yusha Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	son of Qadeer; recorded as dying at birth
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 098

Syed Hasnain Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Hasnain Ali Naqvi is recorded as child listed under Ameer bin Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Hasnain Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Hasnain Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	child listed under Ameer bin Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 099

Syed Hasan Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Hasan Ali Naqvi is recorded as child listed under Ameer bin Umeed; spelling/duplication check needed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Hasan Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Hasan Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	child listed under Ameer bin Umeed; spelling/duplication check needed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 100

Syed Hassan Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Hassan Ali Naqvi is recorded as child listed under Ameer bin Umeed; spelling/duplication check needed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Hassan Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Hassan Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	child listed under Ameer bin Umeed; spelling/duplication check needed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 101

Syeda Aiman

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Aiman is recorded as daughter listed under Ameer bin Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Aiman. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Aiman
Recorded relation	daughter listed under Ameer bin Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 102

Syeda Inamta

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Inamta is recorded as daughter listed under Ameer bin Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Inamta. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Inamta
Recorded relation	daughter listed under Ameer bin Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 103

Syeda Anabiya

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Anabiya is recorded as daughter listed under Ameer bin Umeed. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Anabiya. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Anabiya
Recorded relation	daughter listed under Ameer bin Umeed
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 104

Syed Rafi / Rafey Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Rafi / Rafey Ali is recorded as son of Majid; spelling variant. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Rafi / Rafey Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Rafi / Rafey Ali
Recorded relation	son of Majid; spelling variant
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 105

Syed Mustafa Ali (Majid branch)

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Mustafa Ali (Majid branch) is recorded as son of Majid. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Mustafa Ali (Majid branch). Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Mustafa Ali (Majid branch)
Recorded relation	son of Majid
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 106

Syed Hamza Ali (Majid branch)

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Hamza Ali (Majid branch) is recorded as son of Majid. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Hamza Ali (Majid branch). Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Hamza Ali (Majid branch)
Recorded relation	son of Majid
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 107

Syed Faizan Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Faizan Ali is recorded as son of Naseer. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Faizan Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Faizan Ali
Recorded relation	son of Naseer
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 108

Syed Rizwan / Raju Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Rizwan / Raju Ali is recorded as son of Naseer; alias/variant preserved. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Rizwan / Raju Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Rizwan / Raju Ali
Recorded relation	son of Naseer; alias/variant preserved
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 109

Syed Adnan Shakir Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Adnan Shakir Ali is recorded as son of Naseer. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Adnan Shakir Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Adnan Shakir Ali
Recorded relation	son of Naseer
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 110

Syed Nasir Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Nasir Ali is recorded as son of Naseer; not to be merged with Naseer. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Nasir Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Nasir Ali
Recorded relation	son of Naseer; not to be merged with Naseer
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 111

Syed Salman Zakir Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Salman Zakir Ali is recorded as son of Naseer. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Salman Zakir Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Salman Zakir Ali
Recorded relation	son of Naseer
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 112

Syeda Naseera

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Naseera is recorded as daughter of Naseer. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Naseera. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Naseera
Recorded relation	daughter of Naseer
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 113

Syed Haider Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Haider Ali Naqvi is recorded as son of Adnan Shakir. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Haider Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Haider Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	son of Adnan Shakir
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 114

Syed Mustafa Ali Naqvi (Adnan branch)

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Mustafa Ali Naqvi (Adnan branch) is recorded as son of Adnan Shakir. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Mustafa Ali Naqvi (Adnan branch). Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Mustafa Ali Naqvi (Adnan branch)
Recorded relation	son of Adnan Shakir
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 115

Syed Zawiyan Ali Naqvi

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Zawiyan Ali Naqvi is recorded as son of Salman Zakir. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Zawiyan Ali Naqvi. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Zawiyan Ali Naqvi
Recorded relation	son of Salman Zakir
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 116

Syed Yusuf Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Yusuf Ali is recorded as husband of Afsari. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Yusuf Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Yusuf Ali
Recorded relation	husband of Afsari
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 117

Syed Younus Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Younus Ali is recorded as son of Afsari and Yusuf. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Younus Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Younus Ali
Recorded relation	son of Afsari and Yusuf
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 118

Syed Shahid Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shahid Ali is recorded as son of Afsari and Yusuf. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shahid Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shahid Ali
Recorded relation	son of Afsari and Yusuf
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 119

Syed Zahid Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Zahid Ali is recorded as son of Afsari and Yusuf. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Zahid Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Zahid Ali
Recorded relation	son of Afsari and Yusuf
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 120

Syed Waqar Ali

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Waqar Ali is recorded as son of Afsari and Yusuf. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Waqar Ali. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Waqar Ali
Recorded relation	son of Afsari and Yusuf
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 121

Syeda Ayesha

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Ayesha is recorded as daughter of Afsari and Yusuf. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Ayesha. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Ayesha
Recorded relation	daughter of Afsari and Yusuf
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 122

Syeda Seema

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syeda Seema is recorded as daughter of Afsari and Yusuf. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syeda Seema. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syeda Seema
Recorded relation	daughter of Afsari and Yusuf
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 123

Syed Shahid Hussain Jafri / Nizami

Record status: Family-published genealogy

Genealogical placement

Syed Shahid Hussain Jafri / Nizami is recorded as husband of Bilqees. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Syed Shahid Hussain Jafri / Nizami. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Syed Shahid Hussain Jafri / Nizami
Recorded relation	husband of Bilqees
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 124

Children of Bilqees

Record status: Count or grouped record preserved because personal names are unavailable

Genealogical placement

Children of Bilqees is recorded as Abrar, Zahid, Sajid, Rehan, Farhan Hussain; Nasreen, Sundas and Lareb. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Children of Bilqees. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Children of Bilqees
Recorded relation	Abrar, Zahid, Sajid, Rehan, Farhan Hussain; Nasreen, Sundas and Lareb
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 125

Children of Shabab

Record status: Count or grouped record preserved because personal names are unavailable

Genealogical placement

Children of Shabab is recorded as Sajjad; Hina, Sana, Bushra, Huma and one unnamed daughter. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Children of Shabab. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Children of Shabab
Recorded relation	Sajjad; Hina, Sana, Bushra, Huma and one unnamed daughter
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 126

Children of Niaz

Record status: Count or grouped record preserved because personal names are unavailable

Genealogical placement

Children of Niaz is recorded as three unnamed daughters. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Children of Niaz. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Children of Niaz
Recorded relation	three unnamed daughters
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 127

Children of Ejaz

Record status: Count or grouped record preserved because personal names are unavailable

Genealogical placement

Children of Ejaz is recorded as Usama, Irfan, Ali and four unnamed daughters. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Children of Ejaz. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Children of Ejaz
Recorded relation	Usama, Irfan, Ali and four unnamed daughters
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 128

Children of Javed

Record status: Count or grouped record preserved because personal names are unavailable

Genealogical placement

Children of Javed is recorded as Wajahat, Hashir, Haris and one unnamed daughter. This placement is reproduced from the supplied published genealogy and is not expanded with invented dates, occupations or biographies. Where the register gives only a count or a grouped set of children, that limitation is preserved so that unnamed daughters and incomplete collateral branches are not erased.

Evidence path

Current citation trail: FSN descendant register. For the principal route, Family of Saadat Naqvi pages 111–114 move from Jalaluddin Haider's sons through Ilmuddin, Zain-ul-Abideen and the later Aal-e-Ameer/Aal-e-Nafees families. Aal-e-Zahra pages 22 and 32–33 provide a parallel lineage presentation and source-attribution framework.

Identity control

Authority heading: Children of Javed. Cataloguers should preserve alternative transliterations as aliases without merging people merely because their names repeat. 'Naseer' and 'Nasir', 'Hasan' and 'Hassan', 'Raju' and 'Rizwan', and the several persons named Hamza or Mustafa require branch context. The two Jalaluddin Haiders require an explicit disambiguation note in every database.

Verification and privacy note

For a deceased historical person, seek civil, mosque, shrine, cemetery, waqf, property, manuscript or printed evidence. For a possibly living descendant, do not publish addresses, identity numbers, contact details, medical information or unconsented private records. Public genealogy should remain limited to names and attributed relationships already present in the supplied publication.

Element	Entry
Name	Children of Javed
Recorded relation	Wajahat, Hashir, Haris and one unnamed daughter
Citation	FSN descendant register
Confidence wording	Attributed family genealogy unless stronger corroboration is explicitly cited.
Open task	Obtain a dated page image or independent record for this exact parent-child or marital edge.

VOLUME 2 / RESEARCH FOLIO 129

Master Bibliography and Source Status

FSN — Family of Saadat Naqvi (2026)

Syed Ali Naqvi Bukhari, Family of Saadat Naqvi: A Historical and Genealogical Reconstruction of Lineage, Migration, and Ahl al-Bayt-Centered Spiritual Tradition (2026), ISBN 9798195665623, DOI 10.5281/zenodo.20070090.

Source-status note: Family-authored published genealogy; useful as an attributed family record, not independent proof.

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.20070090

AZ — Aal-e-Zahra (S.A.) (2026)

Syed Shahzaib Ali Naqvi Bukhari, Aal-e-Zahra (S.A.): Al Shareef Al Sadaat Ansab Ul Anbiya o Sadaat Arab o Ajam (Ahmed Book Center, Karachi, 2026), ISBN 9798258707406, DOI 10.5281/zenodo.20199191.

Source-status note: Family manuscript publication; page-level citation is possible, but independent corroboration remains necessary.

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.20199191

GJ — Gulzar-e-Jalaliya scan (2026)

Syed Saleem Raza Bukhari, Gulzar-e-Jalaliya (Uch Sharif, 2026), attached scan, 315 PDF pages.

Source-status note: Scanned genealogical compilation. Urdu charts require specialist transcription and page-image verification.

ZIA-JH — Zia-e-Taiba scholar profile: Jalaluddin Haider

Zia-e-Taiba Scholars, 'Hazrat Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Suhrawardi Lahori,' digital biographical profile, accessed 16 July 2026.

Source-status note: Secondary digital biography citing Lahore ke Awliya-i Suhrawardiyya; underlying print page should be checked.

https://scholar.ziaetaiba.com/ur/scholar/hazrat-syed-sultan-jalaluddin-haider-soharwardi

ZIA-MD — Zia-e-Taiba biography: Moj Darya

Zia-e-Taiba Scholars, 'Hazrat Syed Miran Muhammad Shah Moj Darya Bukhari Lahori,' digital biography, accessed 16 July 2026.

Source-status note: Secondary digital biography; useful for attributed narrative and source tracing.

https://scholar.ziaetaiba.com/ur/biography/hazrat-syed-meeran-muhammad-shah-moj-darya-bukhari-lahori-1

PAK-H — Pak Heritage: Tomb of Moj Darya

Pak Heritage, 'Tomb of Ala ud Din Mauj Darya Bukhari,' architectural heritage entry, accessed 16 July 2026.

Source-status note: Secondary heritage description; architectural statements need conservation records for stronger proof.

https://pakheritage.org/tomb-of-ala-ud-din-mauj-darya-bukhari/

UCH — Zafar Mohyuddin, Sufis of Uch dissertation

Zafar Mohyuddin, Sufis of Uch: A Historical Study (1200–1600), doctoral dissertation, 336 pages.

Source-status note: Academic regional context. It supports the historical setting of Uch and its Sufi networks, not every family-tree edge.

https://siraiki.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/Zafar-Mohyuddin-history.pdf

WP — Urdu Wikipedia article (discovery lead only)

Urdu Wikipedia, 'Syed Sultan Jalaluddin Haider Naqvi al-Bukhari Lahori,' accessed 16 July 2026.

Source-status note: Tertiary, collaboratively edited page; never used here as independent verification.

https://ur.wikipedia.org/wiki/سید_سلطان_جلال_الدین_حیدر_نقوی_البخاری_لاہوری

Core page-level references

FSN pp.95, 98, 110–114, 115–118; AZ pp.3, 21–22, 27–33; Gulzar-e-Jalaliya scan pp.292–310 (genealogical charts requiring specialist transcription).